



**UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND
MAIN EXAMINATION PAPER**

PROGRAMME: BSC IN LWM, AGRONOMY & HORTICULTURE 3

COURSE CODE: LUM 302

TITLE OF PAPER: IRRIGATION

TIME ALLOWED: TWO (2) HOURS

SPECIAL MATERIAL REQUIRED: GRAPH PAPER

**INSTRUCTIONS: ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND ANY TWO
OTHER QUESTIONS**

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GRANTED BY THE CHIEF INVIGILATOR**

QUESTION 1

i) The following data were obtained from a concentric ring infiltrometer. The cross-sectional area of the inner ring was 500 cm².

Time (min)	Cumulative infiltration (cm ³)
0	0
2	270
4	450
6	620
8	770
10	900
20	1420
40	2410

- a) Determine the values of a and n for the Kostiakov's equation as shown below using the data in the table above.

$$I = at^n$$

Where I the cumulative infiltration
 a and n are constants
 t is the time

[15 marks]

- b) Calculate the infiltration rates at times 10 and 30 minutes after the start of the infiltration test, comment on the results.

[10 marks]

- c) Draw a graph to show the relationship between the rate of infiltration and time, and determine the steady state infiltration rate.

[5 marks]

- ii) Discuss five factors that affect the entry of water into the soil.

[10 marks]

QUESTION 2

- a) With the aid of a clearly labelled diagram, explain the concept of pipe size optimisation in as far as irrigation costs are concerned. **[10 marks]**
- b) In irrigation, a pump duty is defined by the required discharge, Q and the required pumping head, H. Briefly discuss what compose the pumping head in a sprinkler system. **[10 marks]**
- c) Explain why and when two or more pumps may either be connected in series or in parallel. **[10 marks]**

QUESTION 3

Discuss the science involved in the use of the following instruments in real time irrigation scheduling. The discussion should include the merits and demerits of these instruments.

- i) Neutron probe
- ii) Electrical resistance meter
- iii) Tensiometer

[30 marks]**QUESTION 4**

Discuss the following concepts as used in irrigation optimisation and management, giving examples where appropriate:

- a) Soil moisture deficit
- b) Readily available water
- c) Gross irrigation
- d) p-factor
- e) Reference evapotranspiration