AC 303 (M) 2009 Page 1 of 8

#### **UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND**

#### **DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING**

#### **MAIN EXAMINATION PAPER 2009**

**COURSE TITLE** 

PRINCIPLES OF FINANCE AND BANKING

COURSE CODE

AC 303

**DEGREE/DIPLOMA:** 

**DIPLOMA IN COMMERCE III** 

TIME ALLOWED

THREE (3) HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

1. TOTAL NUMBER OF QUESTIONS ON THE PAPER: FOUR (4)

2. ATTEMPT ALL FOUR (4) QUESTIONS

3. THE MARKS AWARDED FOR A QUESTION ARE INDICATED AT THE END OF EACH QUESTION

4. WHERE APPLICABLE, ALL WORKINGS ARE TO BE SHOWN

5. CALCULATIONS ARE TO BE MADE TO TWO DECIMAL PLACES OF ACCURACY, UNLESS OTHERWISE INSTRUCTED.

**SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS** 

NONE

NOTE

YOU AR REMINDED THAT IN ASSESSING YOUR WORK, ACCOUNT WILL BE TAKEN OF THE ACCURACY OF LANGUAGE, THE GENERAL QUALITY OF EXPRESSION, TOGETHER WITH THE LAYOUT AND PRESENTATION OF YOUR FINAL ANSWER

THIS QUESTION PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR

AC 303 (M) 2009 Page 2 of 8

## **OUESTION 1**

In January 2008, FG limited purchased 40% of the issued share capital of K L Limited at par value. K.L Limited is a private company which manufactures car accessories and its chairman and managing director owns 51% of its shares.

From the information given below, you are required to prepare a report for the Board of Directors of F G Limited assessing this recent investment in K L Limited, including an analysis of the progress and efficiency of KL Limited in 2009 using internal accounting ratios covering profitability, use of capital and liquidity.

The financial statements of KL Limited for the two years ended 31 March 2009 are set out below:

	PR	OFIT AND L	OSS ACCOUNTS		
		E	2009 E	E	2008 E
Add: Purchases 1,56		195,000 <u>1,560.000</u> 1,755,000	2,340,000	175,500 <u>721,500</u> 897,000	1560,000
deduct:	ciosing stock of raw materials	390,000	1,365,000	195,000	702,000
add:	Opening stock of work-in-progress	156,000	•	195,000	
	Direct labour	585,000		312,000	
	Factory expenses (Other than				
	depreciation)	<u>195,000</u> 936,000		<u>78,000</u> 585.000	.'
deduct:	Closing stock of work in progress	507,000	** 1 1990	156,000	
			429,000	:	429,000

# AC303(M)2009

				Page 3 of 8		
add:	Opening stock of finished goods	234,000		273,000		
deduct:	Closing stock of finished goods	<u> 78,000</u>		234,000	Opening and the second of successive and the second of	
Cost of sale	es		<u>156,000</u> 1950,000		<u>39,000</u> 1,170,000	
Gross Profit less: Expenses Selling Administration Directors salaries Depreciation Overdraft interest		78,000 52,500 45,000 156,000 50,700	390,000	34,500 52,500 30,000 78,000	390,000	
		<u> </u>	382,200		195,000	
Profit before Taxation Profit after Dividend			7,800  7,800 48,750		195,000 <u>93,600</u> 101,400 <u>39,000</u>	
Transfer to (from) retained profits		(40,950)		<u>62,400</u>		

# AC 303 (M) 2009 Page 4 of 8

# **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH**

			2009	÷	2008
Eb co.d	- 5 <del>8</del> 1 - 51 - 1	<b>E</b>	E	tigg of the second of the seco	ally <b>comment</b> of the specific to
Fixed Assets Land and buildings Plant and machinery		195,000 1521,000		190,000 785,000	
	r vehicles	195,000	1011 000	156,000	
			1911,000		1131,000
Investment in MN Garages Ltd			39,000 1950,000		<del>-</del> 1,131,000
Curre	ent assets		-		
	Raw materials	390,000		195,000	
	Work-in-progress	507,000		156,000	
	Finished goods	78,000		234,000	
	Debtors	780,000		585,000	
	Bank	47.000		390,000	
	Cash	<u>45,000</u>		45.000	
		1,800,000		1,605,000	
less:	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
	,				
	Creditors	663,000		234,000	
	Accruals	25,500		25,500	
	Taxation	39,000		93,600	
	Dividend	48,750		39,000	
	Bank overdraft	<u>670,800</u>			
		<u>1,447,050</u>		<u>392,100</u>	
Net current assets			352,950		1,212,900
		•	2,302,950		2,343,900
	ced by				
	capital: 360,000				
	dinary shares				
authorised, issued and			720.000		700 000
fully paid			720,000		720,000
Ketali	ned profits		1,582,950 2,302,950		1,623,900 2,343,900

The investment in MN Garages Limited gives KL Limited a 3% stake in this company

(25 Marks)

AC303 (M) 2009 Page 5 of 8

## **OUESTION 2**

(a) Outline the major Government activities that influence financial management and briefly illustrate how Government activities affect companies in achieving their financial objectives.

(13 Marks)

- (b) Write short explanatory notes on the following:
  - (i) Expectations Theory
  - (ii) Liquidity Preference theory
  - (iii) Market segmentation Theory
  - (iv) The Term structure of interest rates

(12 Marks)

Total: (25 Marks)

AC 303 (M) 2009 Page 6 of 8

## **OUESTION 3**

- (a) Calculate how much sterling exporters would receive or how much sterling importers would pay, ignoring the banks' commission in each of the following situations, if they were to exchange currency and sterling at the spot rate.
  - (i) A UK exporter receives a payment from a French customer of FF 150,000
  - (ii) A UK importer buys goods from a Japanese supplier and pays 1 million Yen.
  - (iii) A UK exporter receives a payment of 80,000 Guilders from a Dutch customer
  - (iv) A UK importer pays a German Consulting firm DM 120,000 for services provided by the firm

### Spot Rates are as follows:

France 10.73 - 10.76

Japan 233½ - 235 ½

Netherlands 3.55 - 3.57

Germany 3.1725 - 3.1775

(10 Marks)

(b) Bongiwe Ltd, A UK company buys goods from Redland which cost 100,000 Reds (the local currency). The goods are resold in the UK for £32000. At the time of the import purchase, the exchange rate for Reds against sterling is 3.5650 - 3.5800.

Bongiwe sells her foreign currency income as soon as it is received at the spot rate. The overseas buyer is given three months credit.

#### Required:

- (i) what is the expected profit on the resale?
- (ii) What would the actual profit be if the spot rate at the time when the currency is received has moved to:
  - 1. 3.0800 3.0950
  - 2. 4. 0650 4.0800

(15 Marks)

Ignore bank commission charges.

(Totai: 25 Marks)

AC 303 (M) 2009 Page 7 of 8

## **OUESTION 4**

The mangers of Mphumzeni Ltd are worried about the level of the company's interest payments. Financial information for the last 30 months is given below:

## **MPHUMZENI LTD**

	2 years ago Jan-June - July Dec		1 year ago Jan-June - July Dec		Current year Jan - June	
Total Sales(E000)	3,294	3,267	3,430	3,412	3	,583
Credit Sales as a percentage of total sales	85	90	90	95	9	)5
Average debtors (E000)	694	842	972	1148	. 1	.334
Average stock: Raw materials (E000)	95	90	110	115	1	.20
Work in progress (E000)	210	220	200	190	2	20
Finished goods (E000)	115	90	100	95	8	80
Percentage of credit sales represented by customers taking				• •		
the cash discount	50	45	45	40	4	0
Average overdraft interest rate for Mphumzeni						_
(% per year)	8.5	10	11	15	1	7

AC303 (M) 2009 Page 8 of 8

Mphumzeni Ltd offers a cash discount of 2% for payment within seven days. The normal credit period is 45 days.

(a) Mphumzeni managers estimate that the interest cost of financing stock and debtors has more than trebled during the last 30 months.

Evaluate whether you agree with this estimate, demonstrating

- why interest costs have increased and
- any significant changes in stock management and debtors payment patterns (14 Marks)
- (b) Evaluate why the percentage of credit sales represented by customers taking the cash discount has fallen and recommend whether the company should continue to offer the cash discount for payment in seven days.

(5 Marks)

(c) Discuss strategies that the managers of Mphumzeni Ltd might adopt to reduce the interest costs of debtors and stock.

(6 Marks)

Total (25 Marks)