# University of Eswatini

# Re-sit/Supplementary Examination, July 2019

## B.Sc II, B.A.S.S II, B.Ed II, B.Eng II

Title of Paper

: Calculus II

Course Code

: MAT212/M212

Time Allowed

: Three (3) Hours

#### Instructions

1. This paper consists of TWO sections.

a. SECTION A(COMPULSORY): 40 MARKS Answer ALL QUESTIONS.

b. SECTION B: 60 MARKS

Answer ANY THREE questions.

Submit solutions to ONLY THREE questions in Section B.

- 2. Each question in Section B is worth 20%.
- 3. Show all your working.
- 4. Special requirements: None.

THIS PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GIVEN BY THE INVIGILATOR.

### SECTION A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

### Question 1

- (a) (i) Sketch the curve represented by the equations  $x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{t+1}} \text{ and } y = \frac{t}{t+1}, t > -1.$  [4]
  - (ii) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for the curve given by  $x = \sin t$  and  $y = \cos t$ . [4]
  - (iii) Sketch the polar curve  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$  also find a Cartesian equation for this curve. [4]
- (b) (i) Find the domain of  $f(x, y) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 9}}{x}$ . [5]
  - (ii) Discuss the continuity of the function  $f(x,y) = \frac{2}{y-x^2}$ . [5]
  - (iii) Find the directional derivative of  $f(x, y) = x^2 \sin 2y$  at  $(1, \frac{\pi}{2})$  in the direction of  $\mathbf{v} = 3\mathbf{i} 4\mathbf{j}$ .
- (c) (i) Sketch the region whose area is represented by the integral  $\int_0^2 \int_{y^2}^4 dx dy.$  Then find another iterated integral using the order dydx to represent the same area and show that both integrals yield the same value. [6]
  - (ii) Evaluate the iterated integral  $\int_0^2 \int_0^{z^2} \int_0^{y-z} (2x-y) dx dy dz$ . [6]

### SECTION B: ANSWER ANY 3 QUESTIONS

### Question 2

- (a) Find the horizontal and vertical tangent lines of  $r = \sin \theta \text{ where } 0 \le \theta < \pi. \tag{10}$
- (b) Find the area of the region that is bounded by the given curve and lies in the specified sector

$$r^2 = 9\sin 2\theta, \quad r \ge 0, \quad 0 \le \theta \le \pi/2.$$
 [10]

### Question 3

(a) Find an equation of the tangent to the curve at the given point by two methods:(i) without eliminating the parameter and (ii) by first eliminating the parameter.If the curve is given by

$$x = 1 + \ln t, \quad y = t^2 + 2, \quad (1,3).$$
 [10]

(b) Find the length of the arc from 0 to  $2\pi$  for the cardioid  $r = 2 - 2\cos\theta$ . [10]

### Question 4

- (a) Find the limit, if it exists, or show that the limit does not exist for  $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)}\frac{x^4-4y^2}{x^2+2y^2}.$  [10]
- (b) Find the local maximum and minimum values and saddle point(s), if any, of the function

$$f(x,y) = (x-y)(1-xy). [10]$$

### Question 5

- (a) Find the differential of the function  $z = e^{-2x} \cos 2\pi t. \tag{10}$
- (b) Find the equation of the tangent plane to the paraboloid  $z = 1 \frac{1}{10}(x^2 + 4y^2) \text{ at the point } (1, 1, \frac{1}{2}).$  [10]

#### Question 6

(a) Evaluate the double integral

$$\int \int_R x dA$$
 where D is the region given by  $D = (x, y) | 0 \le x \le \pi, \ 0 \le y \le \sin x.$  [10]

(b) Use an iterated integral to find the area of the region bounded by graphs of the  $f(x) = \sin x$  and  $g(x) = \cos x$  between  $\frac{\pi}{4} \le x \le \frac{5\pi}{4}$ . [10]

End of Examination Paper