UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION JULY 2015

TITLE OF PAPER: PRINCIPLES OF MICROECONOMICS

COURSE CODE: ECON 102

TIME ALLOWED: TWO (2) HOURS

INSTRUCTION: ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS.

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Question 1

a) Discuss how a mixed economic system differs from a planned economic system.

(5marks)

- b) Why is it desirable to have the state play a role in an economy? Explain. (10 marks)
- c) Use a graph to explain the equilibrium position for a firm operating under perfect competition in the long run. (10marks)

Question 2

- a) Discuss in detail the main assumptions made under perfect competition and under monopoly. (10 marks)
- b) Use a graph as well as equations to characterise the equilibrium position for a consumer who is maximising utility subject to a budget constraint. (15 marks)

Question 3

- a) Discuss the relationship between the total product curve and the marginal product curve. Sketch these curves on one graph. (10 marks)
- b) Sketch a long run average cost curve and show and explain the ranges for increasing, decreasing and constant returns to scale. (10 marks)
- c) Distinguish between an isoquant and an indifference curve. (5 marks)

Question 4

- a) Sketch a marginal cost curve and average fixed costs (short run costs) and explain the economic meaning of their shapes. (10 marks)
- b) Use a graph to explain the income and substitution effects of a price increase for a normal good. (15 marks)

Question 5

a) Define each of the following:

(2 marks each)

- I. Giffen good and an inferior good.
- II. Capital good and an intermediate good.
- III. Marginal rate of substitution and the marginal rate of technical substitution.

- IV. The kinked demand curve for an Oligopolistic firm.
- V. Producer surplus.
- VI. Marginal product of labour.
- VII. Law of diminishing marginal utility.
- VIII. Merit and demerit goods.
 - IX. Unitary price elasticity of demand.
 - X. Constant opportunity cost.
- b) Use a graph to explain the concept of increasing opportunity cost. (5 marks)