## UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND



**MAIN EXAMINATION PAPER 2015** 

- TITLE OF PAPER : PROBABILITY THEORY
- COURSE CODE : ST 201
- TIME ALLOWED : THREE (3) HOURS
- INSTRUCTIONS : ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS.
- **REQUIREMENTS : SCIENTIFIC CALCULATOR AND STATISTICAL TABLES.**

## **Question 1**

- a) Three couples attend a dinner. Each of the six people chooses randomly a seat at a round table. What is the probability that no couple sits together.
- b) Consider the three events:

A = {Monday it will rain},	P(A) = 0.8
$B = {Tuesday it will rain},$	P(B) = 0.9
C = {Wednesday it will rain},	P(C) = 0.8

- (i) Find the minimum interval covering P(AUBUC), the probability that at least one of the three days it will rain.
- (ii) Find the minimum interval covering  $P(A \cap B \cap C)$ , the probability that in all the three days it will rain.
- (iii) Are A, B and C mutually exclusive?
- (iv) Assume A, B and C are mutually independent. Repeat parts (i) and (ii). Compare your answers.
- (v) Suppose A, B and C are pairwise independent and that A, B are independent given C. Show that A, B and C are mutually independent.

## **Question 2**

- a) In the Lottery, there are 49 numbered balls, and six of these are selected at random. A seventh ball is also selected, but this is only relevant if you get exactly five numbers correct. The player selects six numbers before the draw is made, and after the draw, counts how many numbers are in common with those drawn. If the player has selected exactly three of the balls drawn, then the player wins E1000. The order the balls are drawn in is irrelevant. What is the probability of winning exactly E1000 on the National Lottery?
- b) A CD has 12 tracks on it, and these are to be played in random order. Suppose that you have time to listen to only 5 tracks before you go out.
- (i) What the probability that the 5 played will be the first 5 on the cover case?
- (ii) You arrange for your CD player to play 5 tracks at random. what is the probability that the 5 tracks played are your 5 favourite tracks (in any order)?

## **Question 3**

One factory has four production lines to produce bicycles. Of the total production, line 1 produces 10%, line 2 produces 20%, line 3 produces 30% and line 4 produces 40%. The rates for defective products for these four production lines are 5%, 4%, 3%, and 2% respectively.

a) What is the probability, p, that a randomly chosen bicycle is defective?

(5 Marks)

b) If a bicycle is found defective, what is the probability that it comes from production line 4?

(5 Marks)

c) If an independent agency, like Consumers' Report buys 25 bicycles at random, what is the probability that none of them are defective.

(5 Marks)

d) For the 25 bicycles mentioned in the previous part of this question, what are the mean and standard deviation of the number of defective ones?

(5 Marks)

#### **Question 4**

The joint density of X and Y is given by

 $f(x,y) = c(3y-x)e^{-y}; \quad 0 \le x \le 3y, y \ge 0.$ 

a) Find the value of c making this a valid joint pdf.
(3 Marks)
b) Find the marginal densities of X and Y. Are X and Y independent?

(8 Marks)
(8 Marks)
(9 Find the conditional density of Y given X = x.
(10 Marks)
(2 Marks)
(3 Marks)
(3 Marks)
(3 Marks)

#### **Question 5**

a) Suppose that a binary message – either 0 or 1 – must be transmitted by wire from location A to location B. However, the data sent over the wire are subject to a channel noise disturbance, so to reduce the possibility of error, the value 2 is sent over the wire when the message is 1, and the value -2 is sent when the message is 0. If X, X = {-2,2}, is the value sent at location A, the value received at location B, denoted as R, is given by

#### R = X + N

where N is the channel noise disturbance, which is independent of X. When the message is received at location B, the receiver decodes it according to the following rule:

if  $R \ge 0$ .5, then conclude that message 1 was sent

if R < 0.5, then conclude that message 0 was sent

Assuming that the channel noise, N, is a unit normal random variable and that the message 0 or 1 is sent with equal probability, what is the probability that we conclude that the wrong message was sent? what is the probability of error for this communication channel.

(10 Marks)

b) The number of meteors found by a radar system in any 30-second interval under specified conditions averages 1.81. Assume the meteors appear randomly and independently.

Page 3 of 4

- (i) What is the probability that no meteors are found in a one-minute interval?
- (ii) What is the probability of observing at least five but not more than eight meteors in two minutes of observation?

(5 Marks)

#### **Question 6**

A continuous random variable X has cumulative distribution function:

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0, if \ x \le 0\\ \sqrt{x}, if \ 0 < x \le 1\\ 1, if \ x > 1 \end{cases}$$

a) Find the probability density function of X.

h)	Calculate the expectation and variance of Y	(4 Marks)
->	Calculate the larger questile of X.	(12 Marks)
C)	Calculate the lower quartile of X.	(4 Marks)

### **Question** 7

- a) X has p.d.f.  $f(x) = 2\theta x EXP\{-\theta x^2\}$  for x > 0 and f(x) is zero elsewhere. Let  $Y = X^2$ . Note that this is a one to one transformation for the range of X for which the p.d.f. is non-zero. Use the standard transformation of variables result to obtain the p.d.f. for Y. (6 Marks)
- b) X has a distribution with p.d.f.  $f(x) = \frac{\theta}{2}e^{-\theta|x|}$  for all  $-\infty < x < \infty$  (where the parameter  $\mu > 0$ ). Show that the mgf of X is  $M_X(t) = \left(1 = \frac{t^2}{\theta^2}\right)^{-1}$  for  $|t| > \theta$ . Obtain the mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$

(14 Marks)

# **Normal Distribution**

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Table C-1. Cumulative Probabilities of the Standard Normal Distribution.

z(A)	•

2(A)										
2	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
.0	.5000	.5040	.5080	.5120	.5160	.5199	.5239	.5279	.5319	.5359
.1	.5398	.5438	.5478	.5517	.5557	.5596	.5636	.5675	.5714	.5753
.2	.5793	.5832	.5871	.5910	,5948	.5987	.6026	.6064	.6103	.6141
.3	.6179	.6217	.6255	.6293	.6331	.6368	.6406	.6443 "	.6480	.6517
.4	.6554	.6591	.6628	.6664	.6700	.6736	.6772	.6808	.6844	.6879
.5	.6915	.6950	.6985	.7019	.7054	.7088	.7123	.7157	.7190	.72.24
.6	.7257	.7291	.7324	.7357	.7389	.7422	.7454	.7486	.7517	.7549
.7	.7580	.7611	.7642	.7673	.7704	.7734	.7764	.7794	7823	.7852
.8	.7881	.7910	.7939	.7967	.7995	.8023	.8051	.8078	.8106	.8133
.9	.8159	.8186	.8212	.8238	.8264	.8289	.8315	.8340	.8365	.8389
1.0	.8413	.8438	.8461	.8485	.8508	.8531	.8554	.8577	.8599	.8621
1.1	.8643	.8665	.8686	.8708	.8729	.8749	.8770	.8790	.8810	.8830
1.2	.8849	.8869	.8888	.8907	.8925	.8944	.8962	.8980	.8997	.9015
1.3	.9032	.9049	.9066	.9082	.9099	.9115	.9131	.9147	.9162	.9177
1.4	.9192	.9207	.9222	.9236	.9251	.9265	.9279	.9292	.9306	.9319
1.5	.9332	.9345	.9357	.9370	.9382	.9394	,9406	.9418	.9429	.944)
1.6	.9452	.9463	.9474	.9484	.9495	.9505	.9515	.9525	.9535	.9545
1.7	.9554	.9564	.9573	.9582	.9591	.9599	.9608	.9616	.9625	.9633
1.8	.9641	.9649	.9656	.9664	.9671	.9678	.9686	.9693	.9699	.9706
1.9	.9713	.9719	.9726	.9732	.9738	.9744	.9750	.9756	,9761	.9767
2.0	.9772	.9778	.9783	.9788	.9793	.9798	.9803	.9808	.9812	.9817
2.1	.9821	.9826	,9830	.9834	.9838	.9842	.9846	.9850	.9854	.9857
2.2	.9861	.9864	,9868	.9871	.9875	.9878	.988)	.9884	.9887	.9890
2.3	.9893	.9896	.9898	.9901	.9904	.9906	.9909	.9911	.9913	.9916
2.4	.9918	.9920	.9922	.9925	.9927	.9929	.9931	.9932	.9934	.9936
2.5	.9938	.9940	.9941	.9943	.9945	.9946	.9948	.9949	.9951	.9952
2.6	.9953	.9955	.9956	.9957	.9959	.9960	.9961	.9962	.9963	.9964
2.7	.9965	.9966	.9967	.9968	.9969	.9970	.9971	.9972	.9973	.9974
2.8	.9974	.9975	.9976	.9977	.9977	.9978	.9979	.9979	.9980	.9981
2.9	.9981	.9982	.9982	.9983	.9984	.9984	,9985	.9985	.9986	.9986
3.0	.9987	.9987	.9987	.9988	.9988	.9989	.9989	.9989	.9990	.9990
3.1	.99990	.9991	.9991	.999]	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9993	.9993
3.2	.9993	.9993	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9995	.9995	.9995
3.3	.9995	.9995	.9995	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9997
3.4	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9998

Entry is area A under the standard normal curve from  $-\infty$  to z(A)

Volume II, Appendix C: page 2

# **Chi-Square Distribution**

Table C-2. Percentiles of the  $\chi^2$  Distribution



					A					
۲	.005	.010	.025	.050	.100	.900	.950	.975	.990	.995
1	0.04393	0.0 <sup>3</sup> 157	0.0 <sup>3</sup> 982	0.0 <sup>2</sup> 393	0.0158	2.71	3.84	5.02	6.63	7.88
2	0.0100	0.0201	0.0506	0.103	0.211	4.61	5,99	7.38,	9.21	10.60
3	0.072	0.115	0.216	0.352	0.584	á.25	7.81	9.35	11.34	12.84
- 4	0.207	0.297	0.484	0.711	1.064	7.78	9,49	11.14	13.28	14.86
5	0.412	0.554	0.831	1.145	1.61	9.24	11.07	12.83	15.09	16.75
6	0.676	0.872	1.24	1.64	2.20	10.64	12,59	14.45	16.81	18.55
7	0,989	1.24	1.69	2.17	2.83	12.02	14.07	16.01	18.48	20,28
8	1.34	1.65	2.18	2.73	3.49	13.36	15.51	17.53	20.09	21.96
9	1.73	2.09	2.70	3.33	4.17	14.68	16.92	19.02	21.67	23.59
10	2.16	2.56	3.25	3.94	4.87	15.99	18.31	20,48	23.21	25.19
11	2.60	3.05	3.82	4.57	5.58	17.28	19.68	21.92	24.73	26.76
12	3.07	3.57	4.40	5.23	6.30	18.55	21.03	23.34	26.22	28.30
13	3.57	4.11	5.01	5.89	7.04	19.81	22.36	24.74	27.69	29.82
14	4.07	4.66	5.63	6.57	7.79	21.06	23,68	26.12	29.14	31.32
15	4.60	5.23	6.26	7.26	8.55	22,31	25.00	27,49	30.58	32.80
16	5.14	5.81	6.91	7.96	9.31	23.54	26.30	28.85	32.00	34.27
17	5.70	6.41	7.56	8.67	10.09	24.77	27.59	30.19	33.41	35.72
18	6.26	7.01	8.23	9.39	10.86	25.99	28.87	31.53	34.81	37.16
19	6.84	7.63	8.91	10.12	11.65	27.20	30.14	32.85	36.19	38,58
20	7.43	8.26	9.59	10.85	12,44	28.41	31.41	34.17	37.57	40.00
21	8.03	8.90	10.28	11.59	13.24	29.62	32.67	35.48	38.93	41.40
22	8.64	9.54	10.98	12.34	14.04	30.81	33.92	36,78	40,29	42.80
23	9.26	10.20	11.69	13.09	14.85	32.01	35.17	38.08	41.64	44.18
24	9.89	10.86	12.40	13.85	15.66	33.20	36.42	39.36	42.98	45.56
25	10.52	11.52	13.12	14.61	16.47	34.38	37.65	40.65	44.31	46.93
26	11.16	12.20	13.84	15.38	17.29	35.56	38.89	41.92	45.64	48.29
27	11.81	12.88	14.57	16.15	18.11	36.74	40.11	43.19	46.96	49.64
28	12.46	13.56	15.31	16.93	t8.94	37.92	41.34	44.46	48.28	50.99
29	13.12	14.26	16.05	17.71	19,77	39.09	42.56	45.72	49.59	52.34
30	13.79	14,95	16.79	18.49	20.60	40.26	43.77	46.98	50.89	53.67
40	20.71	22.16	24.43	26.51	29,05	51.81	\$5,76	59,34	63.69	66.7?
50	27.99	29.71	32.36	34.76	37.69	63.17	67.50	71.42	76.15	79.49
60	35.53	37.48	40.48	43.19	46.46	74.40	79.08	83,30	88.38	91.95
70	43.28	45,44	48.76	51.74	\$5.33	85.53	90,53	95.02	100,4	104.2
80	51.17	53.54	57.15	60.39	64.28	96.58	101.9	106.6	112,3	116.3
90	59.20	61.75	65.65	69.13	73.29	107.6	113.1	118.1	124.1	128.3
100	67.33	70.06	74.22	77.93	82.36	118.5	124.3	129.6	135.8	140.2

Volume II, Appendix C: page 3

# Student's Distribution (t Distribution)

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Table C-4 Percentiles of the t Distribution



tin a dia a antai		A								
¥	.60	.70	.80	.85	.90	.95	.975			
1	0.325	0.727	1.376	1.963	3.078	6.314	12.706			
2	0.289	0.617	1.061	1.386	1.886	<sup>*</sup> 2.920	4.303			
3	0.277	0.584	0.978	1.250	1.638	2.353	3.182			
4	0.271	0.569	0.941	1.190	1.533	2.132	2.776			
5	0.267	0.559	0.920	1.156	1.476	2.015	2.571			
6	0.265	0.553	0.906	1.134	1.440	1.943	2.447			
7	0.263	0.549	0.896	1.119	1.415	1.895	2.365			
8	0.262	0.546	0.889	1.108	1.397	1.860	2.306			
9	0.261	0.543	0.883	1.100	1.383	1.833	2.262			
10	0.260	0.542	0.879	1.093	1.372	1.812	2.228			
11	0.260	0.540	0.876	1.088	1.363	1.796	2.201			
12	0.259	0.539	0.873	1.063	1.356	1.782	2.179			
13	0.259	0.537	0.870	1.079	1.350	1.771	2.160			
14	0.258	0.537	0.868	1.076	1.345	1.761	2.345			
15	0.258	0.536	0.866	1.074	1.341	1.753	2.131			
16	0.258	0.535	0.865	1.071	1.337	1.746	2.120			
17	0.257	0.534	0.863	1.069	1.333	1.740	2.110			
18	0.257	0.534	0.862	1.067	1.330	1.734	2.101			
19	0.257	0.533	0.861	1.066	1.328	1.729	2.093			
20	0.257	0.533	0.860	1.064	1.325	1.725	2.086			
21	0.257	0.532	0.859	1.063	1.323	1.721	2.080			
22	0.256	0.532	0.858	1.061	1.321	1.717	2.074			
23	0.256	0.532	0.858	1.060	1.319	1.714	2.069			
24	0.256	0.531	0.857	1.059	1.318	1.711	2.064			
25	0.256	0.531	0.856	1.058	1.316	1.708	2.060			
26	0.256	0.531	0.856	1.058	1.315	1.706	2.056			
27	0.256	0.531	0.855	1.057	1.314	1.703	2.052			
28	0.256	0.530	0.855	1.056	1,313	1.701	2.048			
29	0.256	0.530	0.854	1.055	1.311	1.699	2.045			
30	0.256	0.530	0.854	1.055	1.310	1.697	2.042			
40	0.255	0.529	0.851	1.050	1.303	1.684	2.021			
60	0.254	0.527	0.848	1.045	1.296	1.671	2.000			
120	0.254	0.526	0.845	1.041	1.289	1.658	1.980			
<b>60</b>	0.253	0.524	0.842	1.036	1.282	1.645	1.960			

Entry is  $t(A; \nu)$  where  $P\{t(\nu) \le t(A; \nu)\} = A$ 

Volume II, Appendix C: page 6

	A									
۲	.98	.985	.99	.9925	.995	.9975	.9995			
1	15.895	21.205	31.821	42.434	63.657	127.322	636.590			
2	4.849	5.643	6.965	8.073	9.925	14.089	31.598			
3	3.482	3.896	4.541	5.047	5.841	7.453	12.924			
4	2.999	3.298	3.747	4.088	4.604	5.598	8.610			
5	2.757	3.003	3.365	3.634	4.032	4.773	6.869			
6	2.612	2.829	3.143	3.372	3,707	4.317	5.959			
7	2.517	2.715	2.998	3.203	3.499	4.029	5.408			
8	2.449	2.634	2.896	3.085	3.355	3.833	5.041			
9	2,398	2.574	2.821	2,998	3.250	3.690	4.781			
10	2.359	2.527	2.764	2.932	3.169	3:581	4.587			
31	2.328	2.491	2.718	2.879	3.106	3.497	4.437			
12	2.303	2.461	2.681	2.836	3.055	3.428	4.318			
13	2.282	2.436	2.650	2.801	3.012	3.372	4.221			
14	2.264	2.415	2.624	2.771	2.977	3.326	4.140			
15	2.249	2.397	2.602	2.746	2.947	3.286	4.073			
16	2.235	2.382	2.583	2.724	2.921	3.252	4.015			
17	2.224	2.368	2.567	2.706	2.898	3.222	3.965			
18	2.214	2.356	2.552	2.689	2.878	3.197	3.922			
19	2.205	2.346	2.539	2.674	2.861	3.174	3.883			
20	2.197	2.336	2.528	2.661	2.845	3.153	3.849			
21	2.189	2.328	2.518	2.649	2.831	3.135	3.819			
22	2.183	2.320	2.508	2.639	2.819	3.119	3.792			
23	2.177	2.313	2.500	2.629	2.807	3.104	3.768			
24	2.172	2.307	2.492	2.620	2.797	3.091	3.745			
25	2.167	2.301	2.485	2.612	2.787	3.078	3.725			
26	2.162	2.296	2.479	2.605	2.779	3,067	3.707			
27	2.158	2.291	2.473	2.598	2.771	3.057	3.690			
28	2.154	2.286	2.467	2.592	2.763	3.047	3.674			
29	2.150	2.282	2.462	2.586	2.756	3.038	3.659			
30	2.147	2.278	2.457	2.581	2.750	3.030	3.646			
40	2.123	2.250	2.423	2.542	2.704	2.971	3.551			
60	2.099	2.223	2.390	2.504	2.660	2.915	3.460			
120	2.076	2.196	2.358	2.468	2.617	2.860	3.373			
00	2.054	2.170	2.326	2.432	2.576	2.807	3.291			

## Table C-4 (Continued) Percentiles of the t Distribution

Volume II, Appendix C: page 7

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